# ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATS BY BRYAN AND STEVENSON.

Candidates and Leaders Urge All in Sympathy With the Platform to Unite.

Democratic Clubs Should Be Formed Everywhere to Work With the National Association-All Opponents of Imperialism Invited to Become Members.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 2.-W. J. Bryan, his wife and son, the Stevenson party, Governor and Mrs. Thomas of Colorado and Colonel John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms of the National Committee, arrived in this city at 5:30 p. m. to-day. Mr. Bryan and party went to the Auditorium, where Mr. Bryan will remain several days for the purpose of consultation with Chairman Jones and members of the National Committee regarding the conduct of the campaign. When Mr. Bryan leaves here he will go to his home in Lincoln, to remain there during the balance of the month.

To-morrow Mr. Stevenson will proceed to Lake Minnetonka with his family, where he will remain for some weeks.

The following address was issued to-night:

"To the Democrats of the United States: "The Democratic party and its friends must meet the forces of corruption and intimidation in politics this year by thorough organization. A Democratic club or socisty should be organized in every city, town, village and precinct in the United States. Democrats, and all who are in sympathy with the principles set forth in the Kansas City platform, are earnestly urged to join Democratic clubs, or, when none exists, to assist in organizing them. This work of uniting the forces of law and liberty into one great systematized civic army should be carried on simultaneously in every part of the country, and without delay. The friends of government according to the hitherto unchallenged American theory of political equality everywhere under our flag cannot afford to be less zealous or less active than the advocates of an American colonial empire supported by rifles. No patriotic citizen can ignore the attacks which are being made upon the very foundations of our present irreproachable form of government. This year every citizen should be a politician. Clubs and socicties should at ence communicate with the 'Secretary of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, 1370 Broadway, New York City,' so that the unfield membership may work syntematically in defense of the Republic as the fathers made it. All Democratic com-

mittees. State and local, are requested to aid the National Association of Democratic

"W. J. BRYAN "ADLAI E. STEVENSON, "JAMES K. JONES "Chairman National Democratic Committee,

Thirty Days.

LOOKING TO INDIANA.

HANNA ON BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Says He Is Satisfied—Republicans

Need a Shaking Up to Win.

Boston, Aug. 9,-'I have read Bryan's

speech through from beginning to end,"

said Senator Hanna to-day. "I don't sup-pose Mr. Bryan cares much what I think of his utterances, but if his friends are

satisfied with his speech, I certainly am.
"I certainly don't anticipate that such

statements and arguments as are used in

the Germans. I would not insult their intel-

ligence by supposing that they would be influenced to take such a view of the fu-

ture of the Republic because of the policles of the administration as the Demo-

"I noticed that Mr. Bryan left out all mention both of me and eliver," Mr. Hanna added. "I think that speech was put forth as a feeler, and was devoted to the line it

took in order chiefly that Mr. Bryan might see whether the country took the balt.

"It is impossible to make a careful, intel-

ligent prediction at the present time. The

country has not yet become awake and the

people need stirring up. I never took any

stock in the notion that a political party

Oftentimes campaigns turn on little things,

so that one cannot say accurately in advance what the result is to be. However

confident I may feel as to the result of the

campaign if the people once become aroused

to the real issues, it is vital to success that

Mr. Hanna would not say what are, in

his opinion, the doubtful States, but he said

When the story that he was to take the

stump was referred to he declared it a joke

"I am not a stump speaker," he said. "I

tell 'em the only kind of stumping I do is

to stump around the best I can on my

WOMAN ROUTED A NEGRO.

the battleground of the campaign would be | in the Middle States and the States west or

ever has 'a walkover,' as it is expressed

that speech will have much effect

crats would have them take.

they be so aroused."

the Missouri River.

pure and simple.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

"WM. R. HEARST, "President National Association of Democratic Clubs."

#### MR. BRYAN'S PLANS. POPULISTS DID NOT ACT.

Butler Not Present-Are Expected | Tells What He Will Do the Next

to Name Stevenson. Chicago, Ill., Aug. 9,-The Populist National Executive Committee held two sessions here to-day, but, contrary to expectations, Senstor Marien Butler of North Carolina, the chairman of the National Committee, was not present, and no one seemed to know whether he would come to Chicago for the meeting.

Harry Tracy of Texas was the only other member of the committee who was not

of the committee who was not

member of the committee discussed informally the withdrawal of Charles A. Towne, the Populist candidate for Vice President, but the members did not fix upon a date for the calling together of the entire National Com-

than a majority of the men who greeted him.

Asked if he did not regard the notification as the opening of the national campaign for his party, Mr. Bryan said that he did. Discussing his plans for the immediate future, he said:

"I have two more notification speeches to make, my letter of acceptance to issue, a speech at the Grand Army encampment, and a speech somewhere Labor Day.

"I have promised to come here for the meeting of the National Association of Democratic Clubs in September, and I shall be present."

Asked if he would make another tour of the country during the campaign, as he did in 1896, Mr. Bryan said:

"I don't believe in making one's mans known so far ahead, I have given you my plans for a month ahead, and you ought to be satisfied with that."

Mr. Bryan spent a part of the morning about the lobby of the Grand Hotel with a number of prominent Democrats, who had remained over to accompany bim to Chimittee.

The Executive Committee has no power to fill the vacancy. This must be done by the National Committee, and it is apparently expected that it will meet before long and select Adlai E. Stevenson as the Populist candidate for Vice President. There seems to be a good deal of apprehension among the members of the committee in regard to the attitude of Senator Butler on among the members of the committee in regard to the attitude of Senator Butler on the vice presidential situation. There has been a strong rumor to the effect that the North Carolina Populist would take the bit between his teeth and insist that a Populist be named for Vice President on the Populist ticket. It is said that a majority of the committee take the other view of the situation and believe that Mr. Bryan will be able to win over Senator Butler in case the latter takes an antagonistic stand regarding the selection of Mr. Stevenson. regarding the selection of Mr. Stevenson.
J. G. Johnson, chairman of the Demo-cratic National Executive Committee, was in conference for a short time with the Populists.

# IT WAS MASTERFUL

Mr. Dockery's Comment on Bryan's Speech of Acceptance. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 2.—A. M. Dockery, Democratic candidate for Governor, passed through Kansas City to-night en route for Holden, Mo., where he speaks to-morrow. He was seen by The Republic correspondent just before taking the train, and, in reply to a question, seld:

question, seid:
"I regard the speech of Mr. Bryan as one of the most masterful deliverances of the of the most masterful deliverances of the century. Our leader is not only one of the greatest orators and most powerful logicians of the country, but his ability with the pen easily gives him first rank with the great writers of the age. Thomas Jefferson, in my opinion, exercised more power with the pen than any other statesman in our history, but it is a question, in view of this singularly gifted production, whether Mr. Bryan is very much his inferior in that respect. This speech at Indiannells is a rest

spect. This speech at Indianapolis is a text book for all political speakers, "It is at once an inspiration, an argument and a challenge to the advocates of colonial empire, which promises to sweep the Dem-ocratic national ticket to a spiendid victory in November.

in November.

"I have been investigating the situation in Missouri with special reference to the nat" tickst, and if the gains which are reported from almost every township are an indication of the sentiment prevailing throughout the nation, Bryan's election may be considered as already assured."

throughout the nation, Bryan's election may be considered as already assurred."

Mr. Dockery was asked his opinion as to the party situation in this State, and what majority he expected for the Democratic State ticket. He laughfusly replied:

"Oh! I don't know. The Republicans, as usual, are carrying the State, about this time of the year. This is a periodical habit with that organization, but their triumph usually antedates election day. You can say, however, that the Democratic party of the State is in splendid fighting trim, thoroughly enthusiastic and devoted to the principles of the party, and, in my opinion, its ciples of the party, and, in my opinion, it verdict in November will be exceedingly sa

# MAY BE POSTPONED.

Date of Association of Democratic

Clubs Meeting Considered. Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 9.—It is almost a settled fact that the date for holding the meeting of the National Association of Democratic Clubs will be changed to Occober 10, although the change has not been smedially made. The meeting will be held at his city. The reason given for changing the date is that meetings of mational importance are coming too close together and that it would be best to postpone this one tor awhile.

At a meeting of the officials of the New York of the Communication of the officials of the New York of the Communication of the Officials of the New York of the Officials of

for awhile.

At a meeting of the officials of the Negro Democratic League, held here to-day,
he following Campaign Committee was
spointed: George E. Taylor, Oskaloosa,
a; C. H. Carter, Illinois; A. E. Manning,
ndiana; James A. Ross, New York; W. T.
loott, Illinois; J. E. Edmunds, California;
B. Tulley, Missouri; John Patton, West
linginia, and Julius F. Taylor, Chicago.

# MEXICO INTERESTED.

Full Text of Bryan's Speech Trans

mitted to That Country.

In answer to a question as to whether he city of Mexico, Aug. 9.—Mr. Bryan's peech of acceptance at Indianapolis, transmitted in full here by the Associated Press, ras read with much interest in Government and political circles. Discussion on the peech in higher Mexican circles is very general. thought the withdrawal of Mr. Towne would have any appreciable effect on the campaign, Mr. Hanna said it doubtless affected Mr. Towne's pride somewhat, but that was all. Senator Hanna was in Boston with Treasurer Bliss to collect campaign funds, but thus far they have not met with much

# NEELY WILL GO TO CUBA.

federal Attorney Complies With the Court's Suggestions.

# TEXAS DEMOCRATS ADOPT A PLATFORM.

Strongly Indorses National Platform and Recommends Many New State Laws.

CONVENTION IS HARMONIOUS.

Expected Rupture Between Hogg and Bailey Has Not Materialized -State Ticket to Be Nominated To-Day.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 9.-The Democratic State Convention did nothing to-day except receive and adopt the Credentials Committee report and organize permanently. R. E. Prince of Navarro County, was elected per-

manent chairman without opposition, The Platform Committee labored all light, and all day, and made its report tonight at 8 o'clock. The platform indorses the Kansas City platform and ticket and Governor Sayers's administration.

Favors a constitutional amendment providing for the election of School Trustees and members of the Governing boards, of higher institutions of learning for a term of six years; demands the enactment of a law prohibiting the 'ssuance of railroad passes except to Sheriffs, Constables, Marshals and ienuties, or persons in the employ of the railroad and their immediate families, and lemands a reduction in passenger fares to correspond with any increase in earnings y reason of the discontinuing of the free asses; demands a law prohibiting the runing of double-header trains; also a law prohibiting any candidate from hiring per-sons to work for him at the polls or elsesons to work for him at the polls or else-where during the primary campaigns and requiring candidate to file an oath and a requiring candidate to file an oath and a statement of his campaign expenses; favors the establishment by the State of an industrial school for girls; demands an eighthour law, a law creating a State Board of Arbitration; recommends a law defining civil libel and placing an honest, economical and efficient administration of the public service in all its branches.

The entire evening session was consumed in a discussion of an amendment to the Constitution defining insolvent corporations and prohibiting their operation in the State.

The nomination of the State ticket will be made to-morrow.

be made to-morrow.

Joseph W. Balley innounced to-day that he would leave for the doubtful States as soon as the convention adjourned, to assist in the fight for Bryan.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 9.—William J. Bryan, looking none the worse from the ordeal through which he had passed, came downtown in a carriage from Mayor Taggart's home at 9:10 this morning. Many people on the streets recognized him as the carriage passed, but he slipped into the Grand Hotel almost unnoticed. He did not get far, however, before he was surrounded by the crowd that had been lounging about the hotel lobby. Although he had been the central figure of a rush of thousands of people for over forty-eight hours, he was apparently in better physical condition than a majority of the men who greeted him. Morning Session Was Dull.

The Democratic State Convention was called to order this morning by Temporary Chairman Hicks. Every delegate was in his seat and the large auditorium was crowded with spectators, who expected a repetition of yesterday's lively debate over the Waters Pierce Oil Company's charter to do business in the State of Texas, in which ex-Governor Hogg and ex-Attorney General M. M. Crane, on one side, denounced the issuance of the charter after the courts had decided that the corporation was guilty of violating the State anti-trust law, while Joseph Bailey and the Dresent Attorney General. Thomas S. Smith, upheld the action of the State officials.

The morning session was brief, the time being taken up with several speeches by delegates. Morning Session Was Dull.

delegates.
In the afternoon the Committee on Credentials presented majority and minority re-ports. The majority report was that proxies will be allowed a vote, the minority dissent-ing. The majority report was adopted by a vote of 735 to 475.

#### **NEWS FROM LORD ROBERTS.**

Reports That De Wet's Wagons Have Crossed the Vaal.

London, Aug. 9.—The following report, dated Pretoria, August 8, has been received from Lord Roberts:

"Kitchener was informed yesterday by an escaped British prisoner that De Wet's wagons had crossed the Vaal. Afterwards I heard the sound of guns, which, I think, must have been Methuen's, as I directed him to take up a postion between Potchefstroom and Lindique, where he could intercept the enemy, who crossed the river at De Wet's Dorp. Kitchener is crossing the Vaal with cavairy and mounted infantry.

"Hunter reports that he made 4,140 prisoners in the Bethlehem-Harrismith district, a majortiy of whom are now en route for a number of prominent Democrats, who had remained over to accompany bim to Chicago. Last night the Bryan family were the guests of Mayor Taggart at his home.

The Bryan party, including the Stevensons, John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms; Governor Thomas of Colonado, James D. Richardson of Tennessee, and several others, left at 11:45 for Chicago over the Big Four in a special car attached to the regular train. Mayor Taggart, who was reling as host, accompanied the party to the station. A fair-sized crowd congregated to see them off. The party will arrive in Chicago early this evening.

LOOKING TO INDIANA Fowler, Ind., Aug. 9.—The first stop of any duration made by the train bearing Messrs, Bryan and Stevenson on their way from Indianapolis to Chicago was at Lebanon. There the two Democratic candidates showed themselves to the assembled crowd and shook hands with some of them. Mr. Bryan said: a majority of whom are now en route for Cape Town. Three guns and 4,000 horses were captured and ten wagon loads of am-munition and 195,000 rounds of ammunition were destroyed.

"The garrison of Eland's River, which, I fear has been captured, consisted of about

fear, has been captured, consisted of about 200 bushmen and Rhodesians. I had hoped that Carrington had been in time to with-draw the garrison, but it seems that De-larey, learning of Ian Hamilton's approach to Rustenburg, hurried westward and sur-rounded the garrison before Carrington ar-rived. We are just returning from the notifica-"We are just returning from the notifica-tion meeting, and we found the Indiana people not only present in number, but they brought their enthusiasm with them. The work commenced yesterday will be increased in energy and vigor until election day, and then we expect to hear from Indiana." "Methuen telegraphs that he engaged a part of De Wet's force yesterday near Benterskroen. He drove the enemy off of a succession of hills, which they held obsti-

"Our casualties were seven men killed or wounded, including four officers,"

BOER EXVOYS IN BERLIN.

Berlin, Aug. 9.-The Foreign Office, referring to-day to the presence of the Boer envoys and of Doctor Leyds in Berlin, said that the delegation was here in an unofficial capacity only and that it was not likely that any Power would endeavor to secure favorable peace terms for the Boers in the final settlement. Doctor Levds and the delegation, however, had a conference this morning with Herr von Derenthal, Privy Councilor, who is representing Count von Buclow during the absence of the Minister of Foreign Af-

fairs on his vacation.

Later in the day Mr. Abram Fischer of the delegation said to the correspondent of the Associated Press, in the presence of of the Associated Fress, in the presence of Doctor Leyds:

"The burghers of the South African Republic don't intend to give up the fight. They will continue guerilla warfare, splitting up into small bands, and they will ceaselessly disturb the Britisa, inflicting in the aggregate more damage in this way than they could inflict in a big war."

AMERICAN MULETEERS IN AFRICA. Washington, Aug. 9.—The Department of State is in receipt of a dispatch from the Consul General of the United States at Cape Town, dated July 9, relating further to the shipment of American citizens as muleteers at New Orleans on British transports. In this instance, Mr. Stowe remarks that he sends home free all who apply to him, but adds:

"I no sooner clear one vessel than another comes into port with more Americans who have been so foolish as to ship with mules from this country. Over 500 lave arrived and further shipments of these muleteers ought to be prevented. The means used to obtain men at New Orleans, as told me by the men, are simply disgraceful.

#### me by the men, are simply disgraceful. **ELUDED ARREST TWO YEARS.**

Kansas City Couple Led Detectives Over Two Continents.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—After a two years' flight, in which they almost circled the globe and outwitted the police in a score of European and American cities, Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Weinberg were arrested last night in their apartments on State street. They are charged in Kansas City with embezzlement, and Detective Richard Wilson from that city, who has pursued them since their disappearance, conducted them back for trial. Mrs. Ida Preston, widow of Colonel Preston of Kansas City, is the complainant. She accuses Weinberg and his wife of embezzling \$5.000 worth of diamonds, which had been an heirloom in her husband's family and was all the property left her. Weinberg kept a loan bank in Kansas City, and Mrs. Preston obtained a loan of \$2.000 on the jewels. When she was ready to redeem her property the diamonds were not forthcoming. Chicago, Aug. 9.-After a two years' flight,

# **BLOODIEST WEEK OF WAR** IN PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

For Every American Killed or Injured One **Hundred** Filipinos Are Slaughtered.

Spirit of Revenge Causes Soldiers to Punish Natives Indiscriminately—Bolomen Helpless Before Improved Firearms-Press Censor Says, "It Is Not War, Only Murder."

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

New York, Aug. 9.-John T. McCutcheon, correspondent of the New York Herald in the Philippines, writing of the massacres by American troops, says:

There has now begun a time of terrific slaughter, for, since the insurgents have adopted their guerrilla methods of attacking weak parties of Americans and boloing men who get outside our lines, a feeling of intense bitterness has sprung up among our soldiers.

It is the old cry-the only good Indian is a dead one-repeated with a deep thirst for revenge behind it to strengthen it.

It is the spirit of "take no prisoners" and 'kill everything in sight" that has accounted for some of the terrific slaughters that have occurred during the last two months-killing in which we have lost not a man and the Filipinos have lost a hundred or more, most of whom were bolomen.

Bolomen Mercileanly Slaughtered. In the last two weeks there have been several omdurmans of killing. At Cagayan in one fight about reventy-five were killed; in the Camarines General Bell reports 125 were killed, fifty in a river across which they were attempting to fice. In Ilocos Norte, Colonel Howze reports 333 killed in three days during fights in which there were five American casualties. These figures certainly demonstrate that a Krag rifle is superfor to a bolo or spear.

In Albay Province, April 16, about 500 insurgents attacked an American force, but ost forty killed, and retreated to Legaspi to join their main force. The American less was nothing.

The explanation of this new spirit of bloodthirstiness is not hard to find. Some of the most atroclous butcheries have been committed by the Filipinos-cases where a dozen or more natives have killed a single American and hacked the body frightfully.

Actuated by Spirit of Revenge. The news reaches the nearest post and a secuting party goes out to the scene of the killing. It can be imagined that the comrades of the murdered man do not feel in a merciful mood, and they proceed the burn the village and kill every native who looks as if he had a bolo or a rifle

Making the village and village people suffer, even though they be innocent, is a pretty safe guaranty that they will not alow their soldiers to murder any more Americans within its limits. General Smith in Negros has adopted the

scheme of heavily fining the municipality in which a crime of this kind occurs. Some time ago some of the hill warriors came down and burned some Spanish haciendes in three towns. The General immediately levied a fine of \$10,000 on each town. Immediately there was a cry of innocence, but

General Smith has reported that this plan

hundred dead"-a hundred Filipinos must die for every American murdered or killed Murder of Lieut. Kochler Recalled. You may remember the case of Lieutenant Koehler near Tarlac. One day he led his

company out to a small barrio to look for arms. A native met him and said that he knew where some arms were hidden, but that it would not be advisable to take the command to the hiding place. So Koehler said that only he and two soldiers would go. Shortly after leaving the main body the native led the three Amerleans into a little country road. Nobody was in sight, but suddenly the native

whistled shrilly and leaped into a ditch at the road side. There was a volley in the trees in front. Koehler was killed, one of he soldiers was wounded and the other esvery quickly the main body came hurrying down to the scene of the ambush. slight.

They hurried to the barrio and took all the men they could find. There were twen-ty-seven of them. At the edge of the town these men were told to "vamoose." a volley was fired, and when they counted up there were twenty-four out of the twenty-seven killed. Justice Has No Part in Punishment The spirit that actuated the followers of Koehler is now spread pretty generally

among the American soldiers throughout the island. When a comrade is murdered, a company starts out and devastates the district of life and property. If they stopped to find the guilty parties no one would suffer for the crime, but under the present order of things the country in which the crime was committed is made to pay the penalty. When the Filipinos find that it costs them

too much to murder Americans whom they catch alone on country roads, they will stop doing it. In the meantime there will be several thousand Filipinos killed.

The chief purpose of the soldiers now is to get possession of the arms of the Fil-ipinos. It is known to an absolute certainty that many of the insurgents who have come back to live quietly at home have hidden their rifles somewhere in the vicinity to be in readiness for a future call Employ Weyler's Brutal Methods.

For a long time the soldiers simply searched, but rarely found anything. Now they have changed their tactics and arproceeding on old Spanish lines. I've heard many a soldier say: "Old Weyler was onto his job. He knew how to handle these niggers." Up at San Miguel recently a Second Lieu-

tenant took a small scouting party out to a barrio near by. Here they found three insurgents and a Licutenant Colonel of insurgents, who were ordered to get their arms. The insurgents swore they had none.

Among the Americans was a Cuban, who said that he could make them divulge where the arms were hidden, and, obtaining per-mission, he walked over to the Lieutenant Colonel, struck him on the mouth with the butt of his revolver, and swore he would kill him if the arms were not at once produced. After beating the insurgent officer for a while the latter finally produced several rifles.
"It Is Not War, Only Murder."

In the last week a correspondent took a dispatch to the censor for approval. The first sentence stated that the preceding week had been the bloodiest since the war The censor mildly objected to the use of

"There's no war out here." he said. "Well, what do you call it when 300 na tives have been killed in three engagements.

it is not safe for an American to venture a thousand yards beyond the outposts,

# CONDITIONS IN MANILA.

American General Says the City Is a Smoldering Volcano.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 9.-General E. B. Williston, who for over a year was Provost Marshal of Manila, is in the city on his way to his home in Baltimore, General Williston was retired from the army last July. Owing to the Philippine climate and his arduous labors, the General is threatened with an attack of nervous prostration. He says that for over a year he has never gone to bed with his trousers off. His revolvers were ever ready on a chair close to his bed, and close to his residence was a vehicle and horse ever ready to take him quickly to a scene of riot or disturbance, "Mantla," he says, "is a slumbering volcano at night. Patrol guards always go in pairs, and in some parts of the city four go together.

"Prices have gone up for everything since the American occupation," continued the General. "Beef that sold for 10 cents a pound before the Merritt entered Manila now sells for 80 cents and \$1.20. Where board could be had for 25 cents a day at the Manila hotels before the Americans came, 34 is now demanded and received. A vehicle for one person costs 50 cents, where cents was satisfactory before. Other ad-vances have been made on a similar scale. The native women are beginning to copy American customs. They now want stock-ings, shoes and other apparel, where before they never thought of using the rame.
"The natives are not a drinking class, but the American soldiers, I regret to say, drink entirely too much. The native drink, vino, a mixture of hellfire and wood alcohol, has played havec with many of our men. It makes men crazy if indulged in often.
"The guerrilla warfare is on the decrease I do not think there are over 1,200 of the in-surgents with arms now, but the bandit

class is as strong as it ever was. General MacArthur's policy of giving every native \$30 for each gun surrendered to him has been fruitful of good results. In addition, many guns have been captured. And yet, in my opinion, we must keep a largo force in the Islands indefinitely.
"Where is Aguinaldo? He is just as likely to be in hiding in Manila as anywhere

#### MACARTHUR'S CASUALTIES. List of Americans Recently Killed

or Wounded. Washington, Aug. 9.-The War Depart-

nent has received the following casualty ist from General MacArthur: "Manila, Aug. 8.-Sergeant George Deans,

Quartermaster Sergeant Cornellus Sheehan, or dealing with crime in Negros has had a fantry, left Manila April 3, in casco for definite news of irresponsible natives.

In Luzon, though, it is the "grave of the "Wounded, Introductions of the Boxers of the Boxers of the Boxers of the Boxers on the ground when the Boxers commenced to attack and less the misses." "Wounded: July 31, Borac, Marinduque, Company A. Twenty-ninth Infantry; First Sergeant James T. Ellis, wounded in arm, erious; Corporal Jefferson A. Upshaw, wounded in chest, slight; July 2, Palistina, Luzon, Troop I, Eleventh Cavalry, Lovie Rickel, wounded in leg above knee, moder-ate, August 1, Santa Cruz, Luzon, Company H, Thirty-seventh Infantry, John M. Payne, wounded in buttock, slight; July 21 Barguet, Luzon, Company C, Thirty-third nfantry, Thomas J. Maloy, wounded in neck, serious, wounded in back, serious June 30, Anistac, Luzon, Company F, Forty-seventh Infantry, William E, Fitzpatrick, wounded in thorax, serious; July 5, Sariana, Luzon, Company F, Thirtieti Infantry, Oliver F. Gariner, wounded in chest, serious; August 4, Cavinti, Luzon, Company K, Thirty-seventh Infantry, Walter Heck, wounded in thigh, moderate; July 26, Sinalon, Luzon, Acting Assistant Surgeon John G. Byrne, wounded in arm,

# WAR'S END NOT NEAR.

Priest Says Filipinos Will Fight for Long Time.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 9.—Father T. C. J. A. Stenmans of New Orleans, who went to Manila about a year ago with Archbishop Chappelle, as his secretary, returned on the transport Sherman. He left for home last night.

Archbishop Chappelle is in the Philippines as the representative of the Holy Sec. adjusting the affairs of the Catholic Church there to meet the new conditions of American counterpine. ican ownership.
Father Stenmans says that Archbishop
Bernardino Nozaleda and the five Bishops
under him, all of whom are Spaniards and
have been in control of the church's affairs
for years, are giving Archbishop Chappelle
all the assistance in their power and are
achieving good results.

all the assistance in their power and are achieving good results.

"The American officers," says Father Stenmans, "are doing all they can to bring about peace, but in my mind it will be a long time before the present guerrilla war-fare comes to an end."

# HID BEHIND CANDY MACHINE.

Troublesome Negro Arrested by Privates of Company I.

Quite a sensation was created yesterday evening in the main waiting-room of the Union Station by the sudden arrival of a huge negro, named Eddie Jones, who dashed into the place from the main entrance and ensconced himself behind a candy machine, from which point of vantage he prepared to resist two men in uniform, who were following him. The men were members of the First Regiment from the Armory, and they went straight at the darky, soon graspling his arms in such a manner that he could not struggle, and then extracting a large knife from his pocket. He was then turned over to the police.

The two men were Charles H. Steele and J. F. Ferguson of Company I, and the trouble started through the warlike actions of the negro while passing the Armory on Pine street. Ferguson stepped out as the negro passed, whereupon the darky drew a knife and made a slash at him, narrowly missing his side, Ferguson instantly started for the negro, who ran south along Eighteenth street, followed by Ferguson and Steele. He tried to shake off his pursuers by rushing into the Union Station, but they managed to capture him and turn him over to the station officers.

# EXPRESS PACKAGE STOLEN.

Robbery Occurred at Galatia, Ill., in Broad Daylight.

the Court's Suggestions.

New York, Aug. 2.—General Henry I. turnett, United States District Attorney. General Griggs as to the sturned here to-day from Washington. Here to day from the express of this city. When Captain McCalla of the Newark Washington was all the property left her. Wellness keep to dain in three engagements, which is swatch happened this last week?"

Hurtsville, Aug. 2.—A mob is to-day from Washington. Here to day for her property the diamonds were not forth-loss from the from the capture of this city. When Capture of the correspondent. "That's not war."

Well what is it then?" Bright day from the e

# Bargain Rates

Charlevoix and Return, \$19.50

Mackinac Island and Return, \$20.50



Here is a splendid opportunity to visit Michigan or Wisconsin resorts at greatly reduced rates. These low-rate tickets will be sold August 15th; return limit, September 30th.

# Round Trip Rates.

Via Chicago and Steamer Manitou. Via Detroit and D. & C. Steamers.

All Rail. Eikhart Lake Green Lake Beaver Dain Cedar Lake

Wabash Ticket Office,

Broadway and Olive, S. E. Cor.

# ST. LOUISAN WRITES OF BOXER UPRISING.

Northern China, Describes the

Declares His Willingness to Die Aged Inventor Died From Injuries

With Them if Necessary-Extortions Practiced on the Converts.

to attack and loot the missons. He writes to Doctor W. H. Mayfield of this city, saying that the jealousy of the Powers is preventing them from taking the prompt action necessary to prevent the Boxers from destroying all the missions in North China. Doctor Lowe is a graduate of William fewell College and of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky. He studied medicine at the Louisville Medical College and in this city for three years, un-

der Doctor Mayfield, who was instrumental in sending him to China. Doctor Lowe is a member of the Third Baptist Church of this city. His letter to Doctor Mayfield dated July 7, at Thingtau, China, follows: "On July 1 all our mission-houses, con sisting of Mr. Sear's residence, our home, dispensary and chapel, were looted by the Boxers. The doors and windows were mashed, and everything carried away or broken to pieces. Fortunately for us we were not at home when these bloodthirtsy roblers called on us. On June 23 Mr. Fowler, United States Consul at Che-Foo, ordered us to fice to Tsingtau, the German colony for protection. We did not go at once, be cause we thought there was no danger, but in a few days the Presbyterian Mission sixty miles west of us, was burned. Then we were alarmed and decided to flee at once lest our presence in Pingtu should occasion an attack on our mission and endanger, not only our own lives, but our converts also.
"We left Pingtu Thursday morning before

converts also.

"We left Pingtu Thursday morning before daylight, carrying with us only two trunks. After spending three days and three nights in carts and in a small boat we arrived in Tsingtau Sunday morning—the very day our mission at Pingtu was attacked. The sad news was received first by telegram and then three native Christians came, and, finally, our beloved native pastor, Mr. Li. These messengers reported that the native Christians had been threatend with destruction of life and property unless they pald to the Boxers 2,000 strings of copper cash, equal to about \$600 in gold.

"The news of the persecution of the Christians and our inability to aid them in any way, except to advise them to scatter until affairs are in a more settled condition, opened afresh the wounds our hearts had already received by telegram. We wept and prayed together over the sad situation. Pastor Li said: "I will return to my brethren; if they suffer I will suffer, and if they did I will die with them."

"Russia is the only nation prepared for action in the East. There are about 150,000 Russian troops in the North. The Powers will not allow them to act independently. The Russians have very generously offered their services to our German friends here whose colony is sending soldiers to protect the city in case of an attack by land. It is needless to say that Russia's overtures have not been accepted. The jealousy of the Powers will probably give the Boxers an opportunity to destroy all the missions in North China. They have driven many missionaries to the ports and may drive us into the sea."

Big Four cheap excursion next Sunday.

Heat Prostrations at Knoville. REPUBLIC SPECIAL Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 9.—The heat record was broken here to-day. There were several prostrations, William Browder, a negro, dying from overheat.

# LEFT ESTATE TO FAITHFUL FRIENDS,

Dr. John W. Lowe, Missionary in Will of Nathan H. Knapp Reveals the Story of a Daughter's Flight of Colleagues.

NATIVE PASTOR'S FIDELITY. HAD BROTHER IN THE EAST.

Unkindness.

Received in Summer of 1896-Was Cared for Since Then by Strangers.

From Doctor John W. Lowe, a missionary | The filing of the will of Nathan H. Knapp sent from St. Louis to China by the South- in the Probate Court yesterday morning reern Baptist Convention, comes definite news | years the story of a faithful friend who cared for the testator in his declining years, when he was without means and almost without friends, and had been repeatedly refused aid by his only daughter. By the terms of the will, Lina Graf is to

have all the estate except \$500, which is allowed to Doctor E. E. Furney for professional services; while his daughter is cut off with \$5. This estate, which is worth only a few hundred dollars, is said to consist of property in Maine and is in other hands and cannot be recovered without litigation. Knapp died on July 9 at his home, No. 3426 Franklin avenue, aged 73 years. At one time he had been a compartively wealthy

time he had been a compartively wealthy man. While quite young he went to Chicago and engaged in business. The great fire of 1871, however, compelled his retirement. According to those in whom Knapp confided he had an only daughter who, about this time, married against his will.

This caused an estrangement between the two, and Knapp, soon afterward, came to St. Louis. He secured a patent on an electric motor, but falled to realize anything from it. He drifted along from one thing to another, and was not able, on account of his age, to engage actively in any business. In the summer of 1896 he received injuries which made him an invalid and eventually caused his death. He alighted from a cable car, and, in crossing the tracks, was struck by a car going in the opposite direction. direction.

Several of his ribs were broken and be was internally injured. Mrs. Graf, who lived in the same house, volunteered to wait on him. Doctor Furney treated him. It was apparent that he would never resower, and

he became wholly dependent on a few friends and Mrs. Graf, who is a seamfriends and Mrs. Graf, who is a seamstress.

A letter was written to Mr. Knapp's
daughter, who lives in Chicago, and whose
husband, it is said, is welithy. No ald was
received from this source.

A brother, Byron Knapp, who lives at
Smithport, Pa., visited Knapp last spring.
He stayed only a short time and endeavored
to persuade Knapp to return with him.
This the sick man would not do, and the
brother departed. The brother also was
written to, and after a long interval answered, saying that he had been sick and
for Knapp to seek ald of the daughter who
was more able to give than he.
Last June Knapp's condition became
worse and he gradually sank, dying July 9.
A telegram, announcing his death, was sent
to his daughter at Chicago, but no answer
was received, and it is not known whether
the telegram was received by her. Knapp

was received, and it is not known whether the telegram was received by her. Knapp was buried in the Wesleyan Cemetery at the expense of friends. The brother was not heard from again.

The will was drawn up last summer and was witnessed by several friends. By its terms Mrs. Graf and Doctor Furney are named as executors without bond. BURNED HIS WIFE'S CLOTHES.

She Went to the Park Without His Consent.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 9.—Because his
wife went to the park without his consent
last night George Frederick took her clothing into the yard and burned it. When his
wife returned he showed her a heap of
ashes, all that remained of her wardrobe.

Mrs. Frederick did not weep and wall,
but proceeded to a Justice of the Peace,
before whom she swore out a warrant for
her husband's arrest. Besides the loss of
his wife's clothing, which he will have to
replace, a heavy fine was imposed on Frederick when he appeared in court.

"THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAS PLACED

# Apollinaris ("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.")

At the Head of All the Waters Examined for Purity and Freedom

from Disease Germs."